

SN Ia Cosmology with WISH satellite

Nao Suzuki (Lawrence Berkeley Lab)

§1: Introduction to Type Ia Supernova

§2: SN Ia Cosmology Today

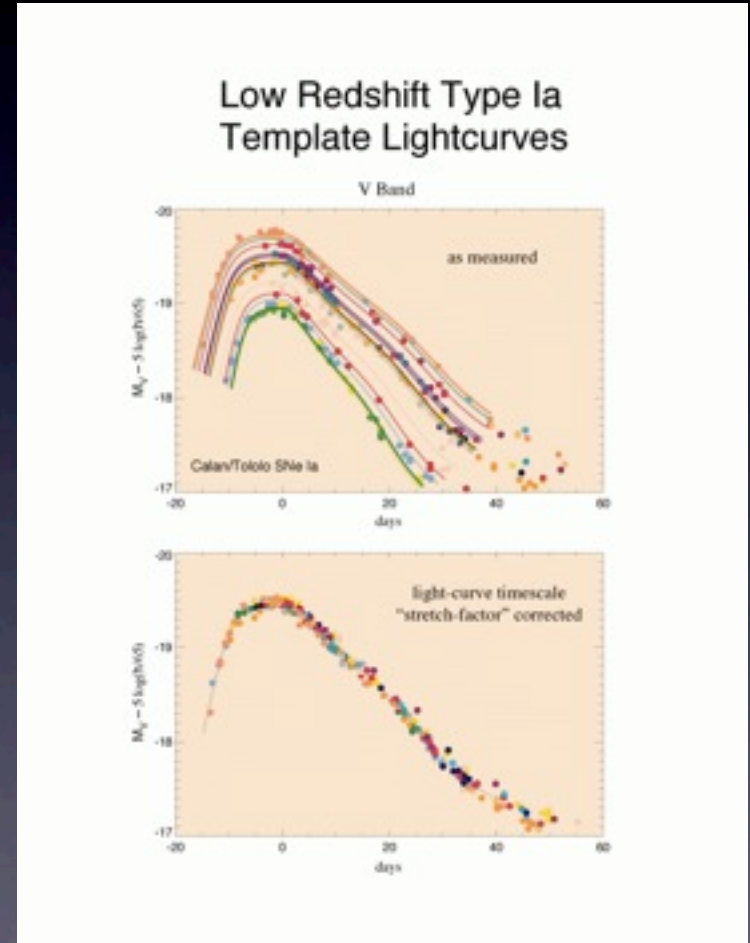
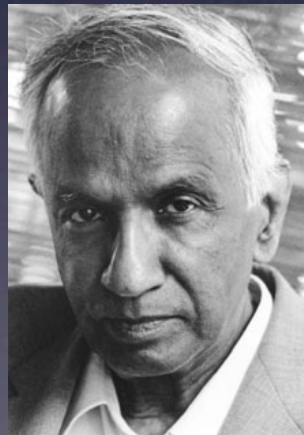
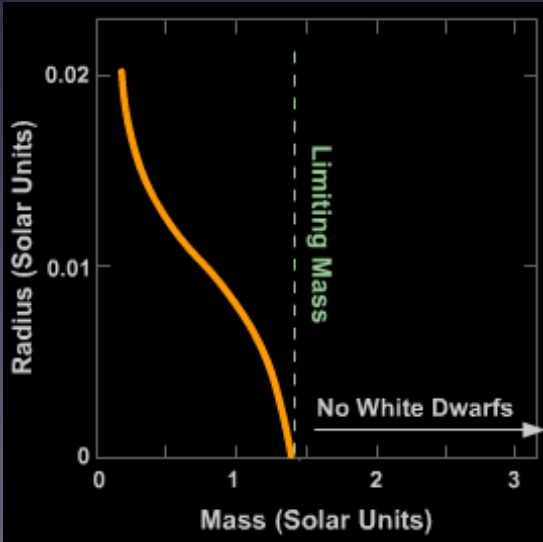
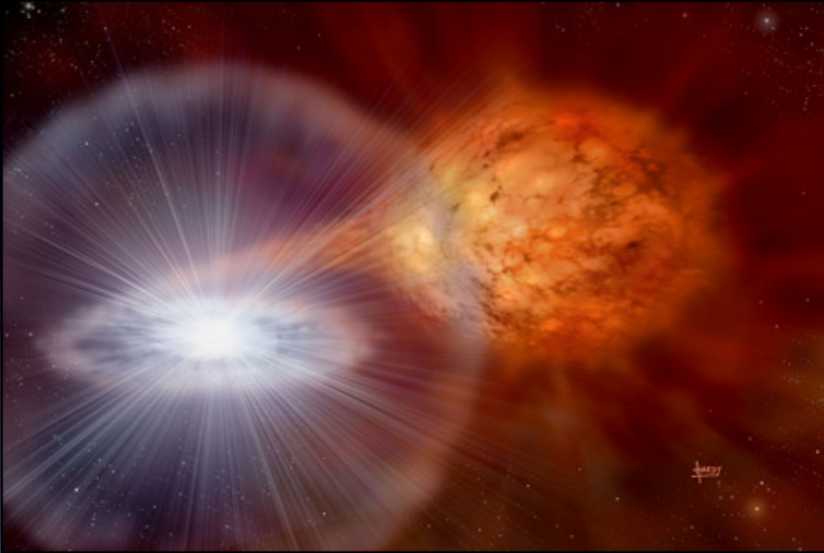
§3: SN Ia Challenges (systematic errors)

New Standard Stars for IR

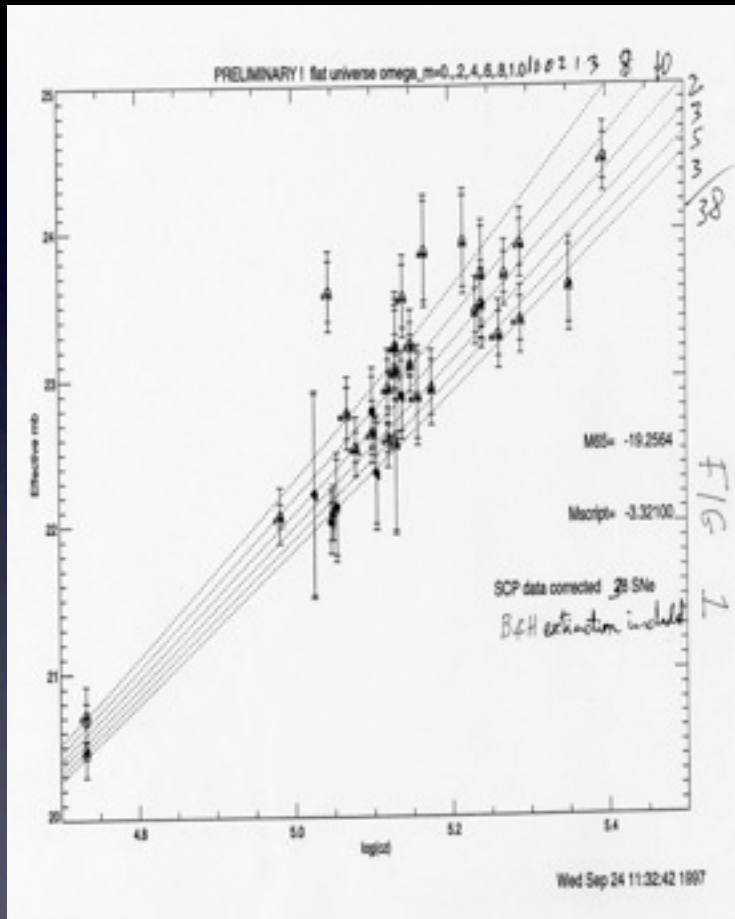
§4: SN Ia Cosmology with WISH

Supernova Type Ia : Standard Candle

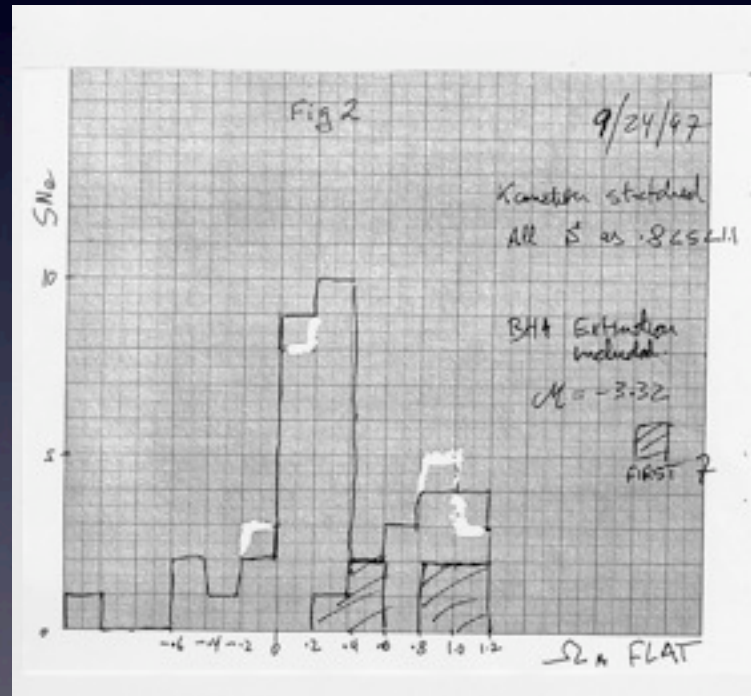
Phillips Relation (1993)

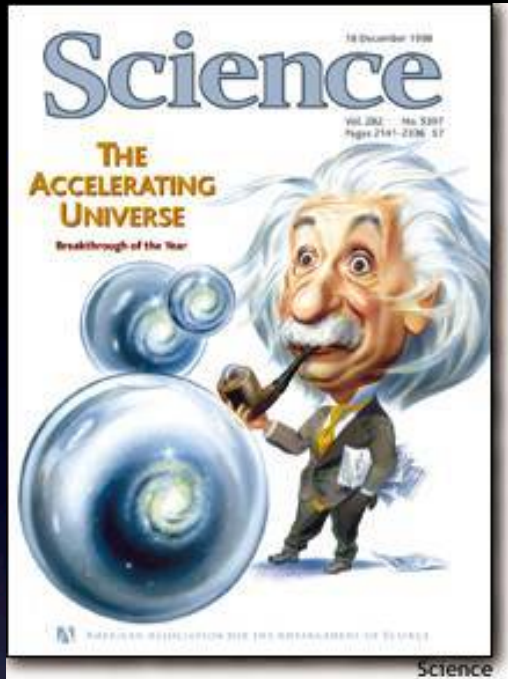


Discovery of Dark Energy (SCP 1997)

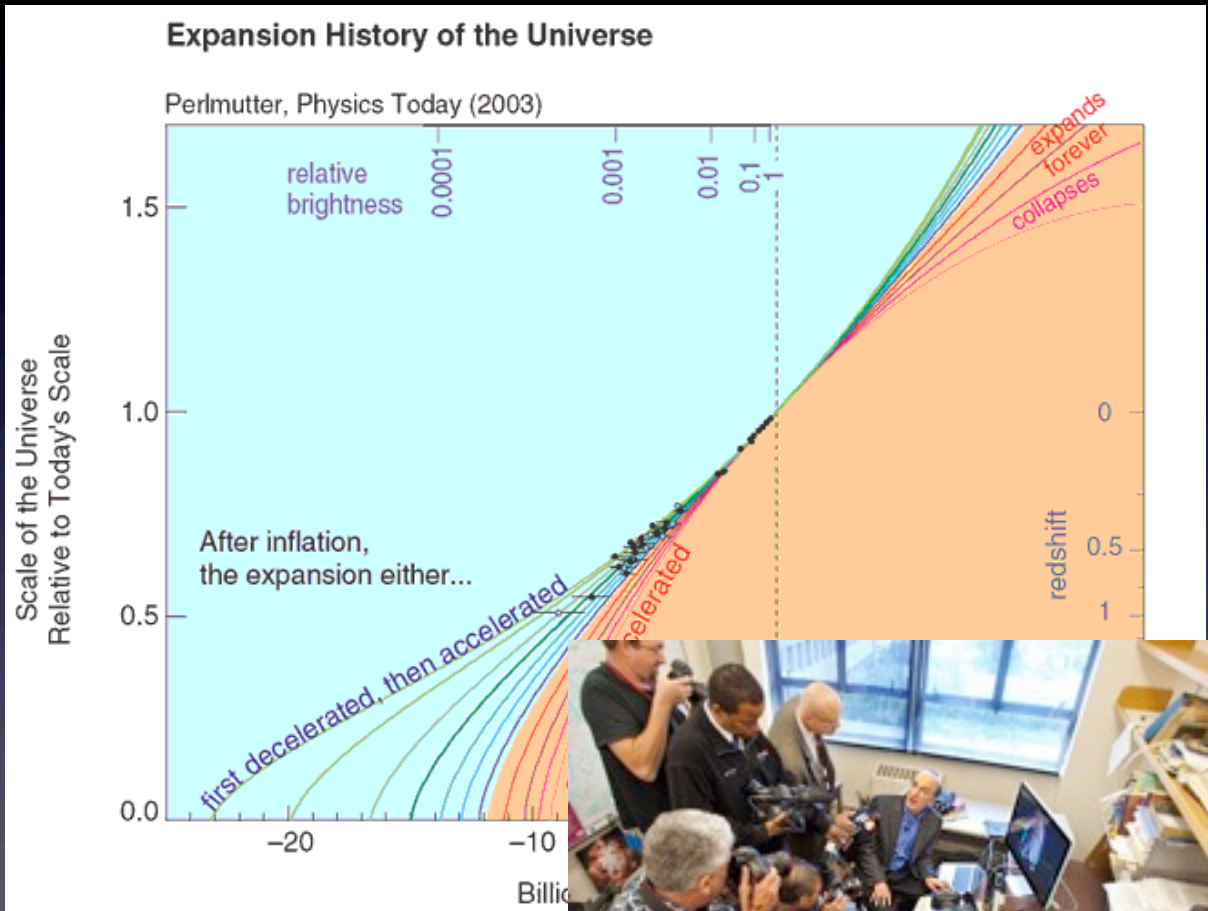


Gerson Goldhaber
reported non-zero Λ
on 24th in Sep '97



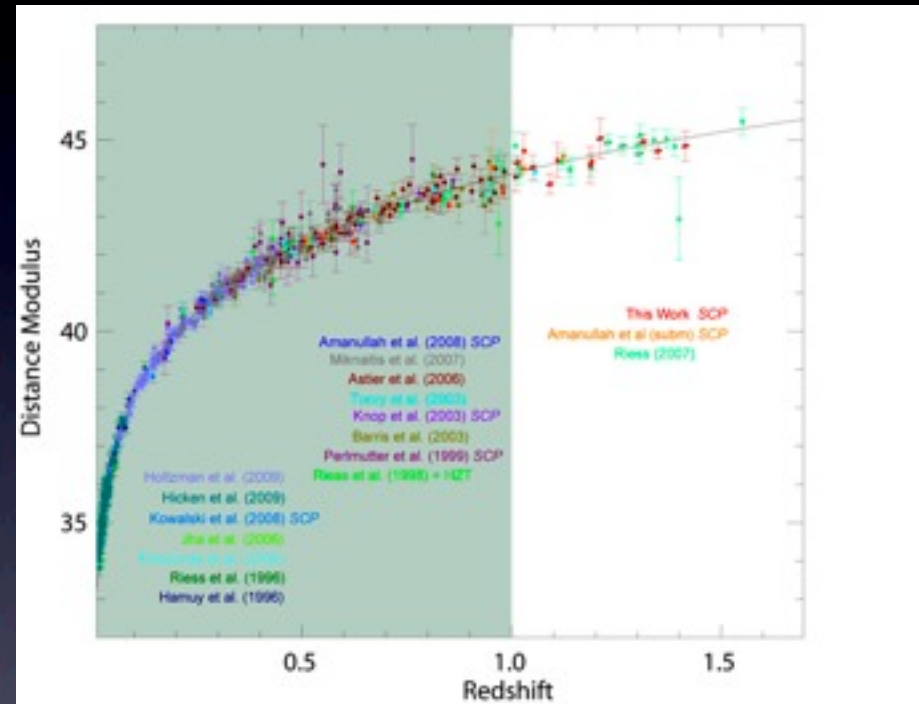
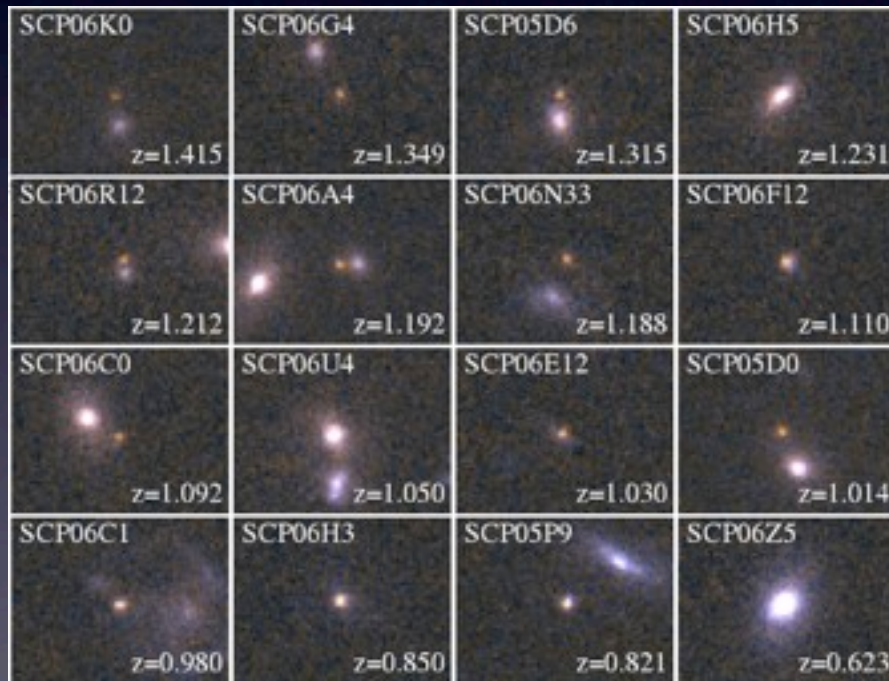
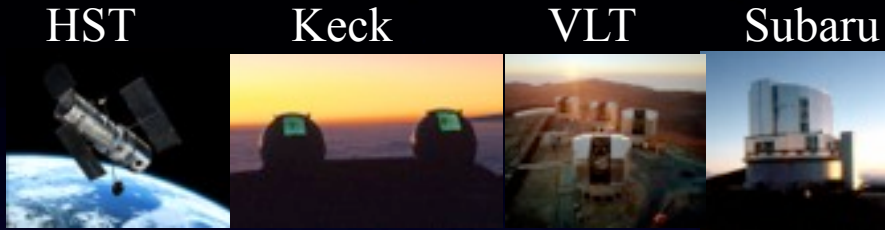


Accelerating Universe



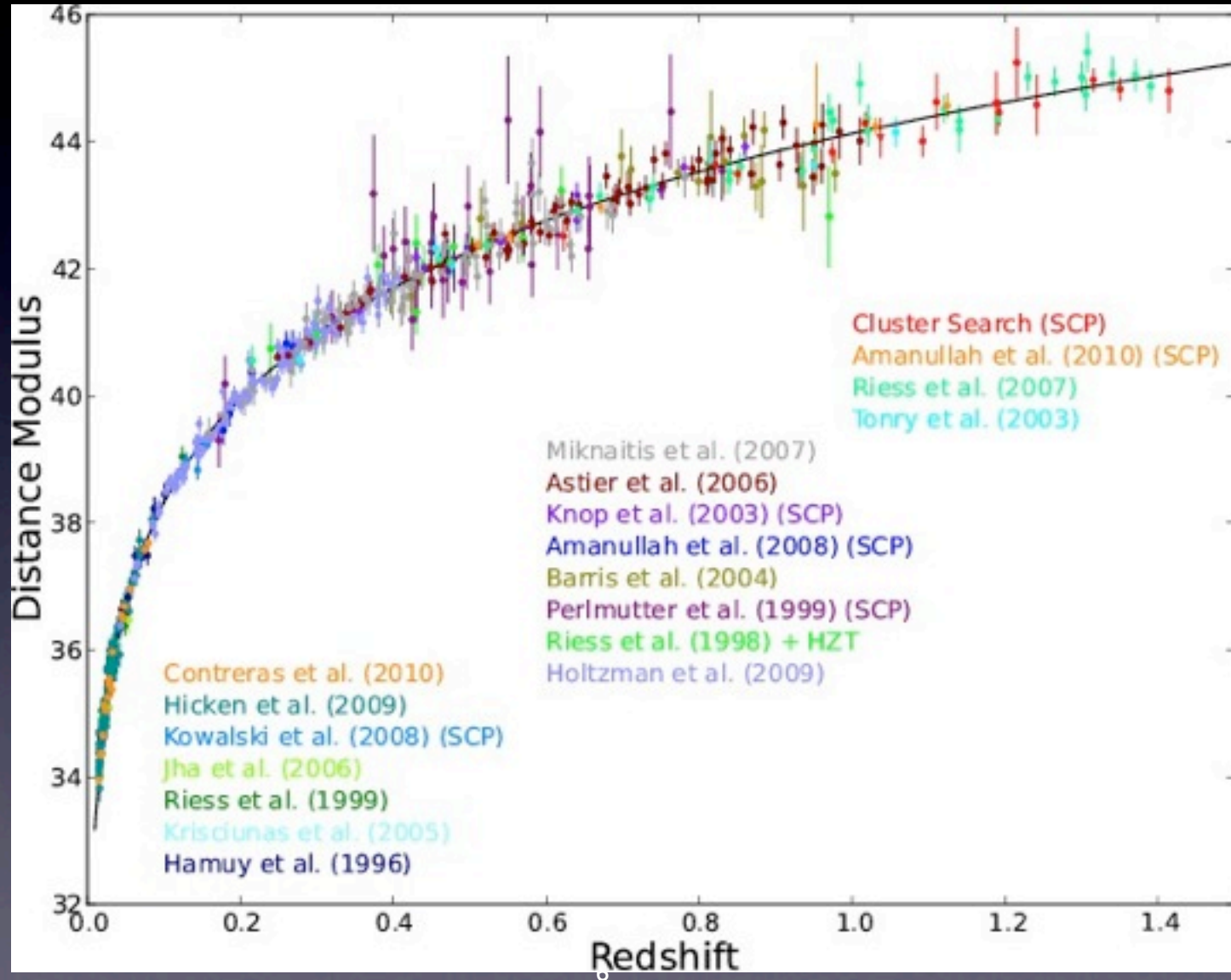
HST Cluster SN Survey

Nao Suzuki & SCP
PI: Saul Perlmutter



SNIa Cosmology Today (2011)

Supernova Cosmology Project (Suzuki et al. arxiv:1105.3470)



Λ Today

Combination of SNe with:
BAO (Percival et. al., 2010)
CMB (WMAP data, 2011)
For a flat Universe:

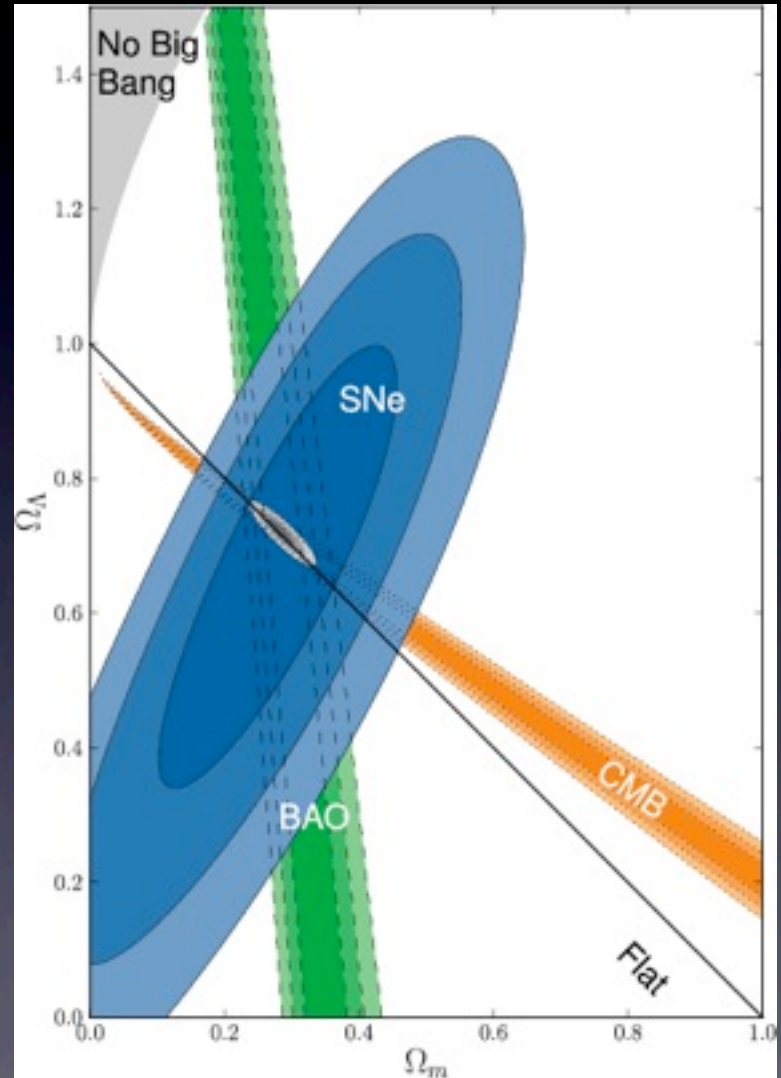
LCDM:

$$\Omega_m = 0.271 \pm 0.012(\text{stat}) \pm 0.014(\text{sys})$$

with curvature:

oLCDM:

$$\Omega_k = 0.002 \pm 0.005(\text{stat}) \pm 0.005(\text{sys})$$



$w=P/\rho$: equation of state

Q. Is w -1?

w CDM:

$$w = -1.008 \pm 0.052(\text{stat})$$

$$-1.013 \pm 0.070(\text{sys})$$

SNe + **BAO** + **CMB**

... and allowing for curvature: ow CDM

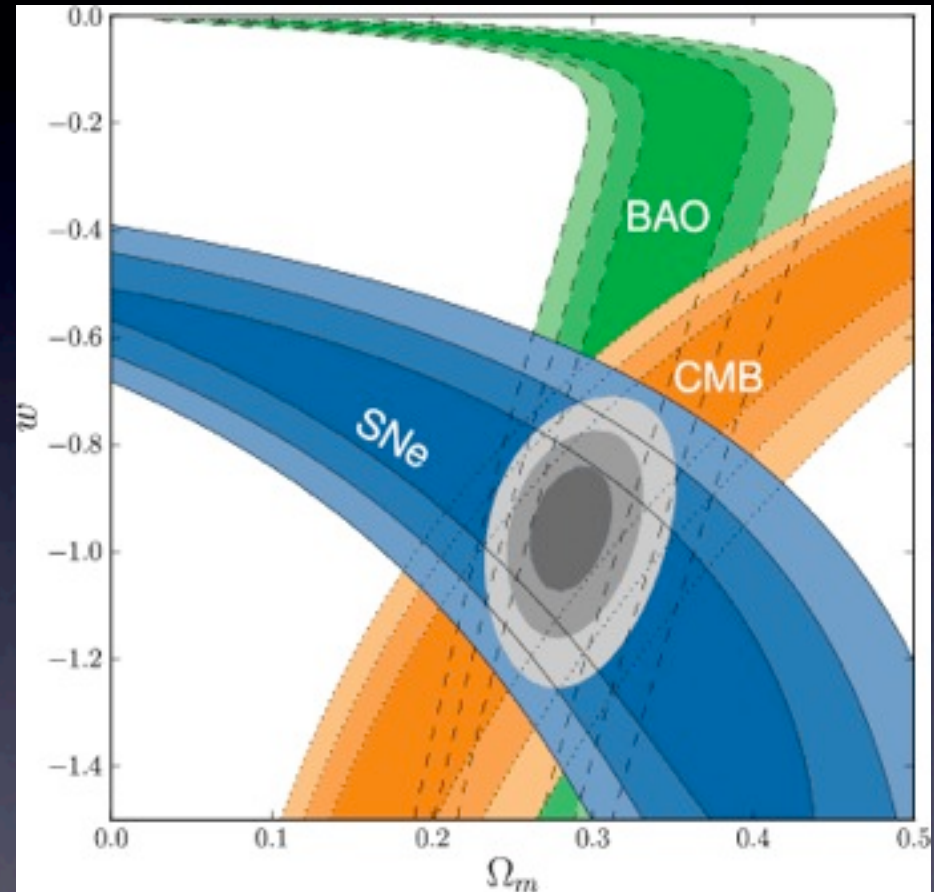
$$w = -1.006 \pm 0.058(\text{stat})$$

$$-1.003 \pm 0.093(\text{sys})$$

with systematics

- $w=-1$: cosmological constant
- $w=0$: matter
- $w=1/3$: radiation

$$E \propto a^{-3(1+w)}$$



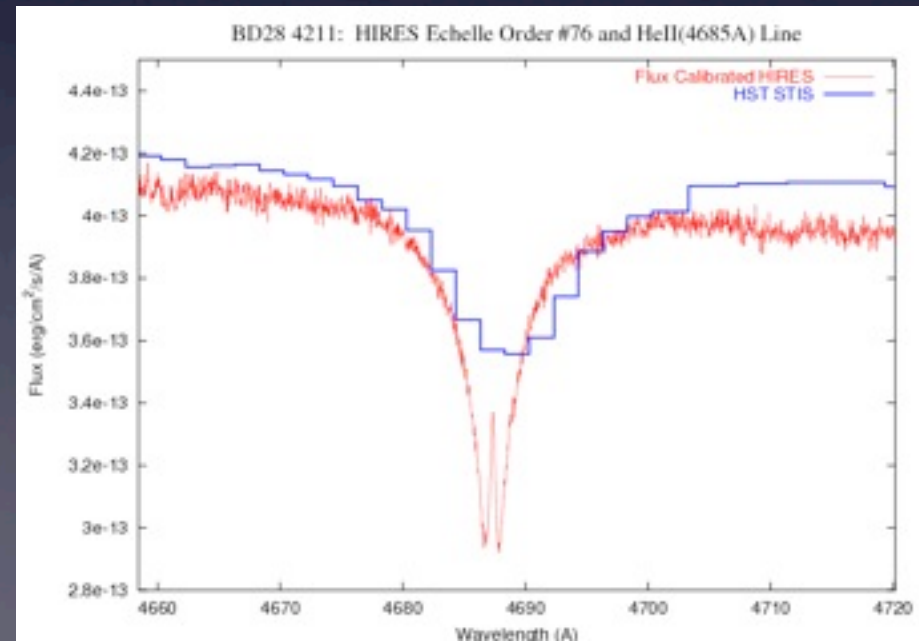
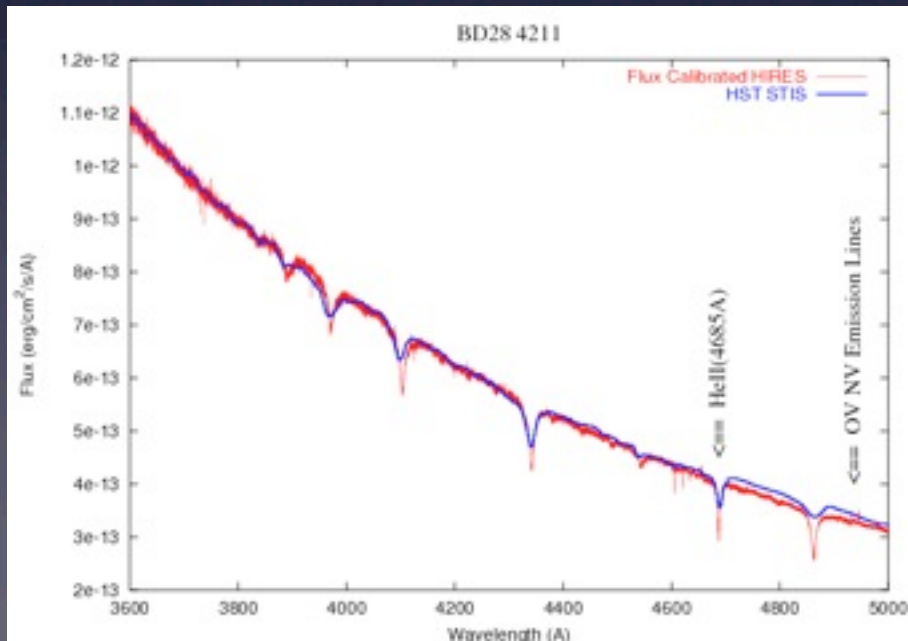
Future of SNIa Cosmology

Q: Can we Reduce Systematic Errors?

- Q1 : Observational Systematic Error => SDSS stars and Perfect Black Body stars
- Q2 : SNIa is not well understood? => Spectral Library & Simulation

The Origins of Systematic Errors Today

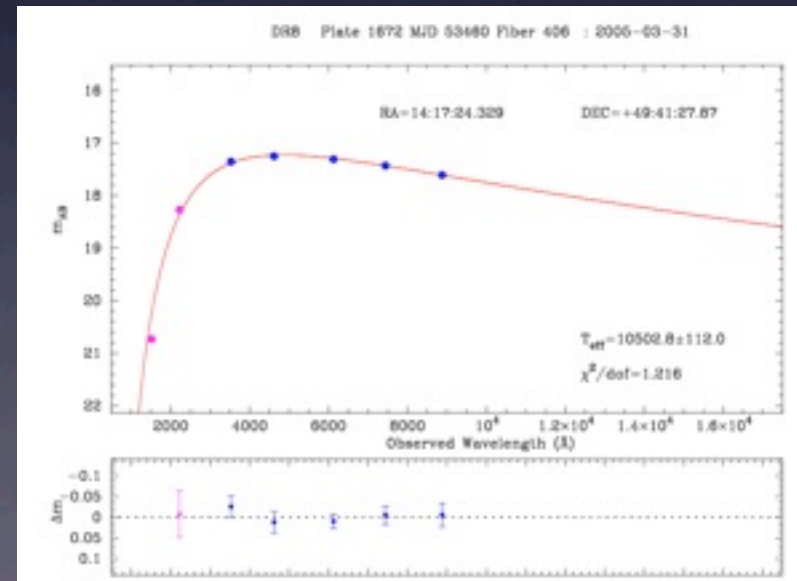
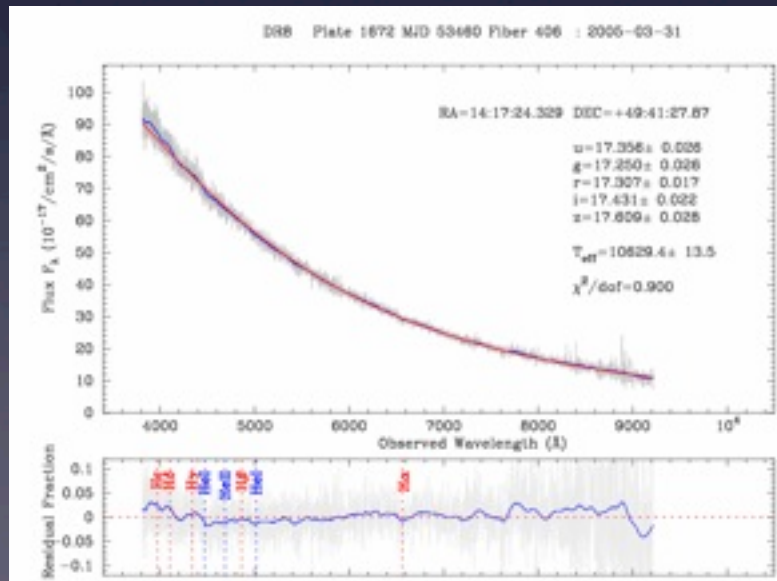
- I : Zero Point is not accurate enough (will be calibrated them with 300,000 SDSS F-stars)
- II : Standard Star Calibration (HST CALSPEC) is not accurate enough (will be replaced by DC WDs)



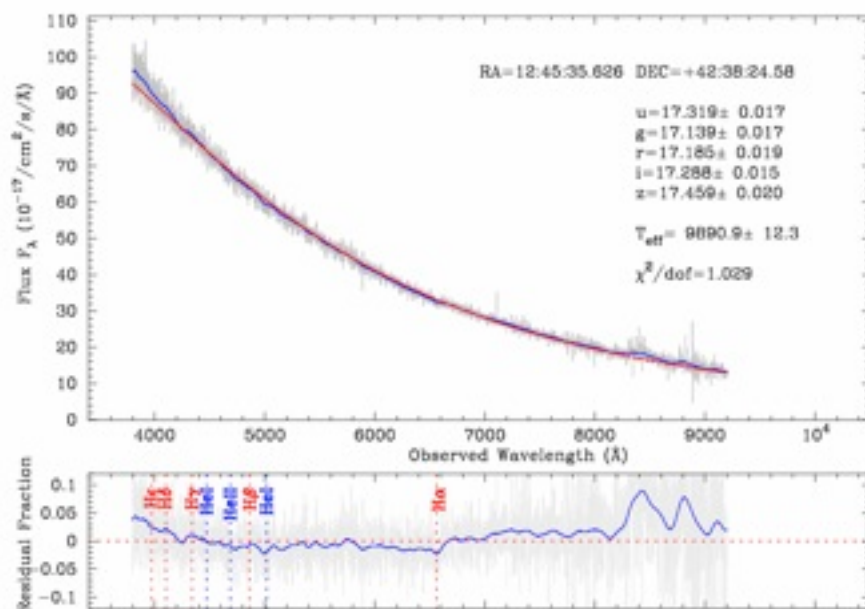
Discovery of Perfect Black Body Spectra: found as a Quasar Target

Only 20 stars out of a million stars

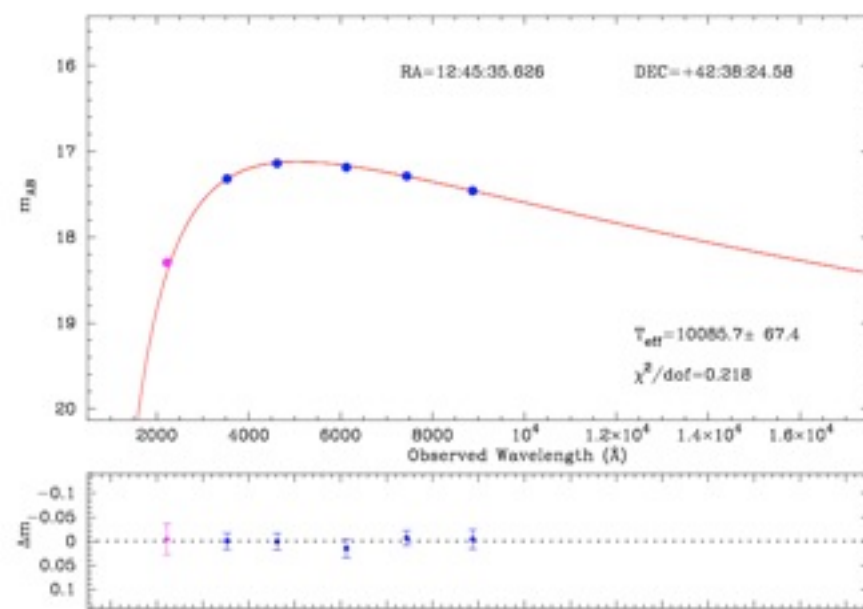
- DR8 : 605,772 stars $\Rightarrow$ 5 stars
- DR9 : 110,929 stars $\Rightarrow$ 9 stars
- DR10: 81,892 stars $\Rightarrow$ 10 stars (July 2013)



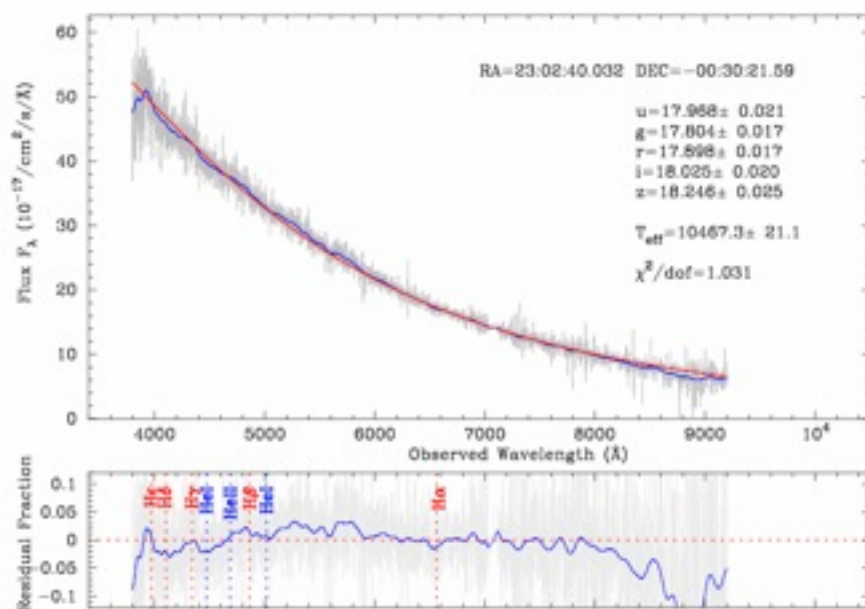
DR8 Plate 1456 MJD 53115 Fiber 480 : 2004-04-20



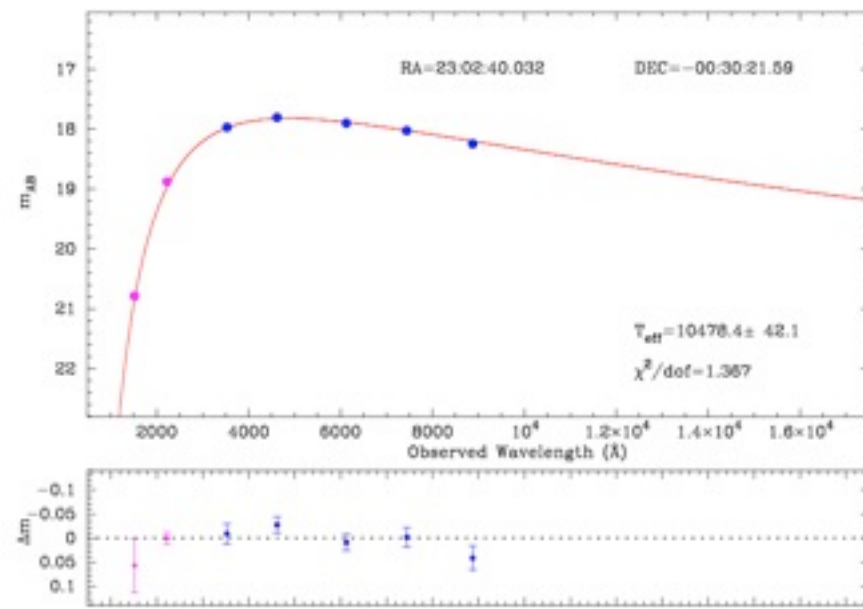
DR8 Plate 1456 MJD 53115 Fiber 480 : 2004-04-20



DR8 Plate 380 MJD 51792 Fiber 104 : 2000-09-05

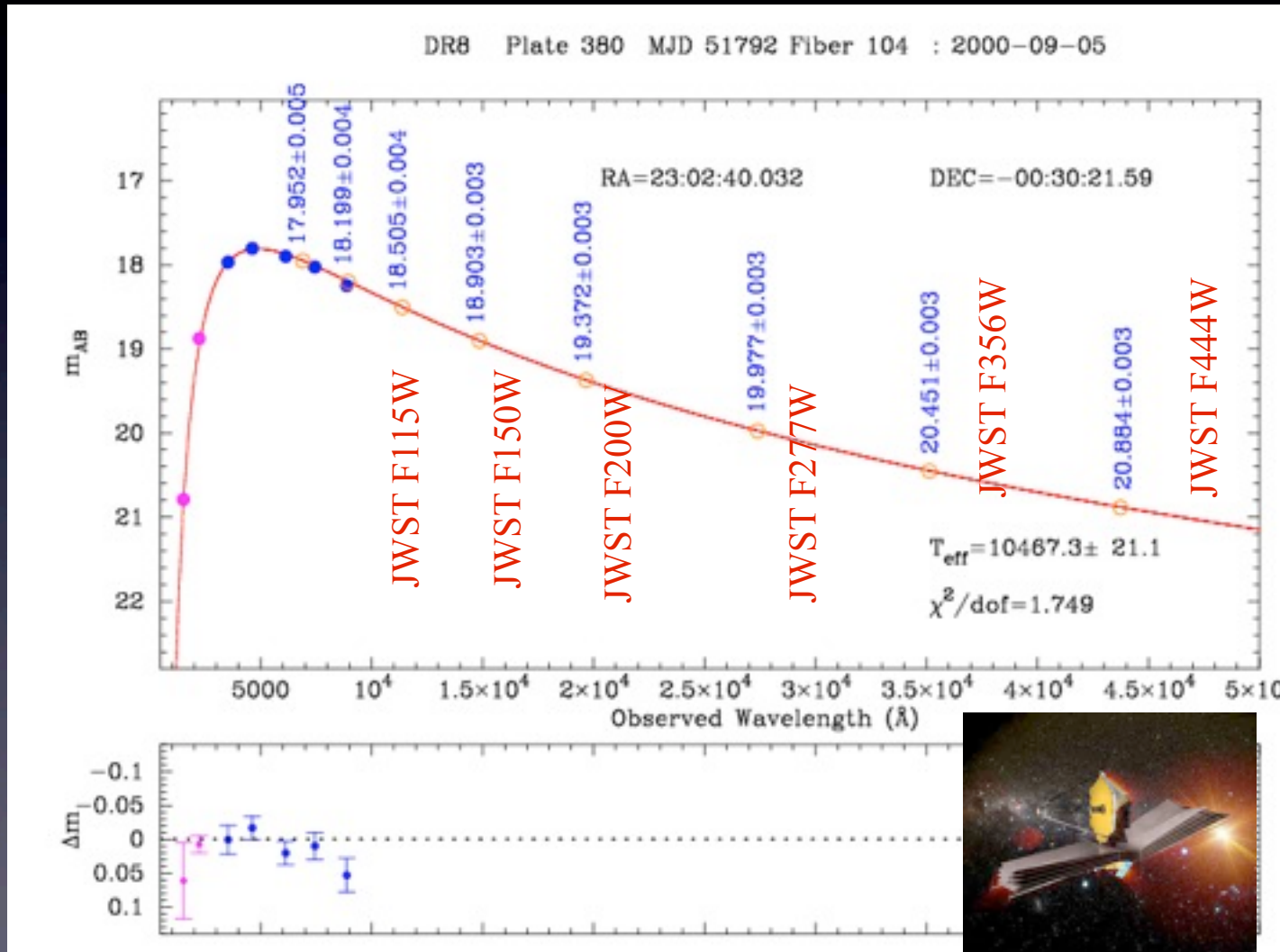


DR8 Plate 380 MJD 51792 Fiber 104 : 2000-09-05



Looking at the Future with WISH/JWST

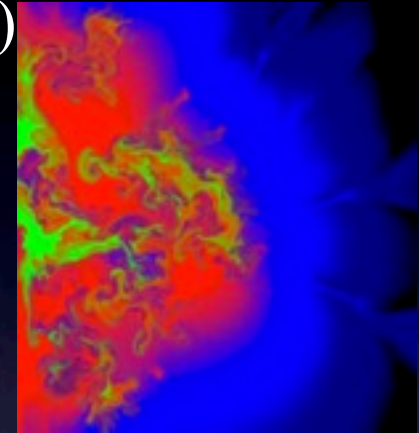
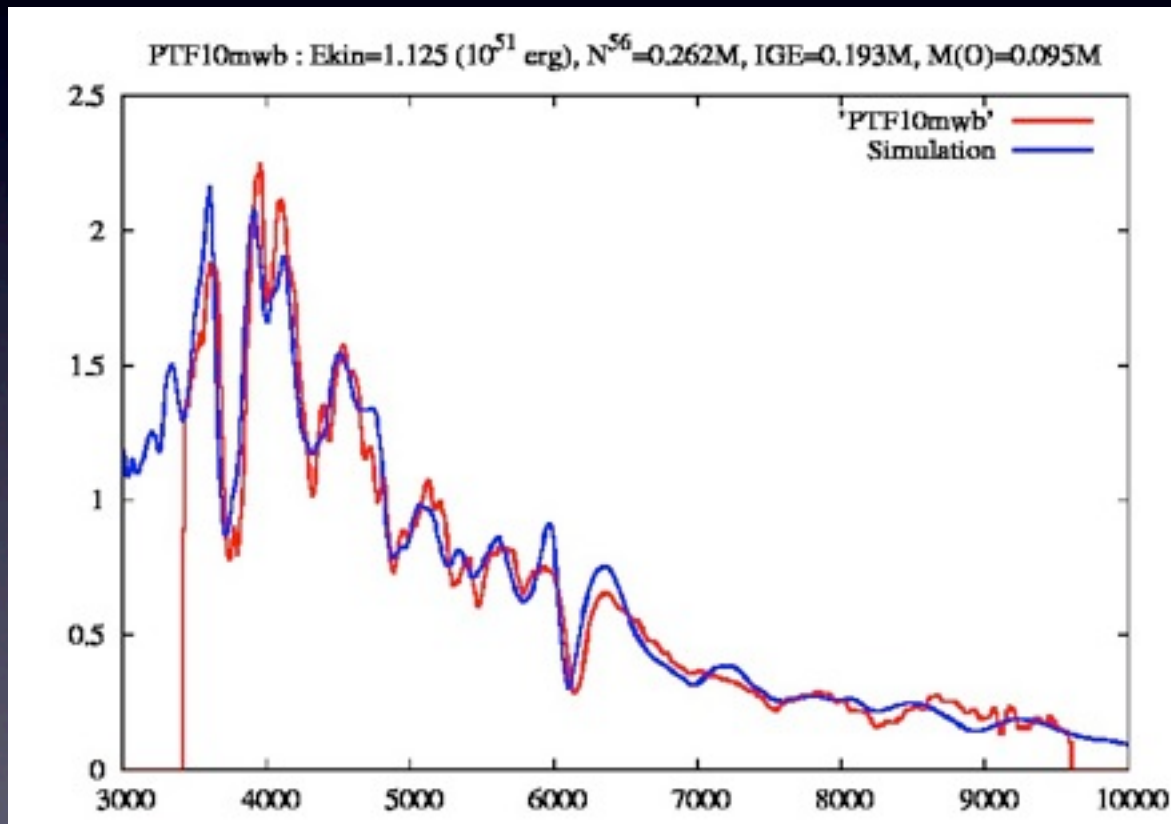
today 0.3%, but we can do 0.1%



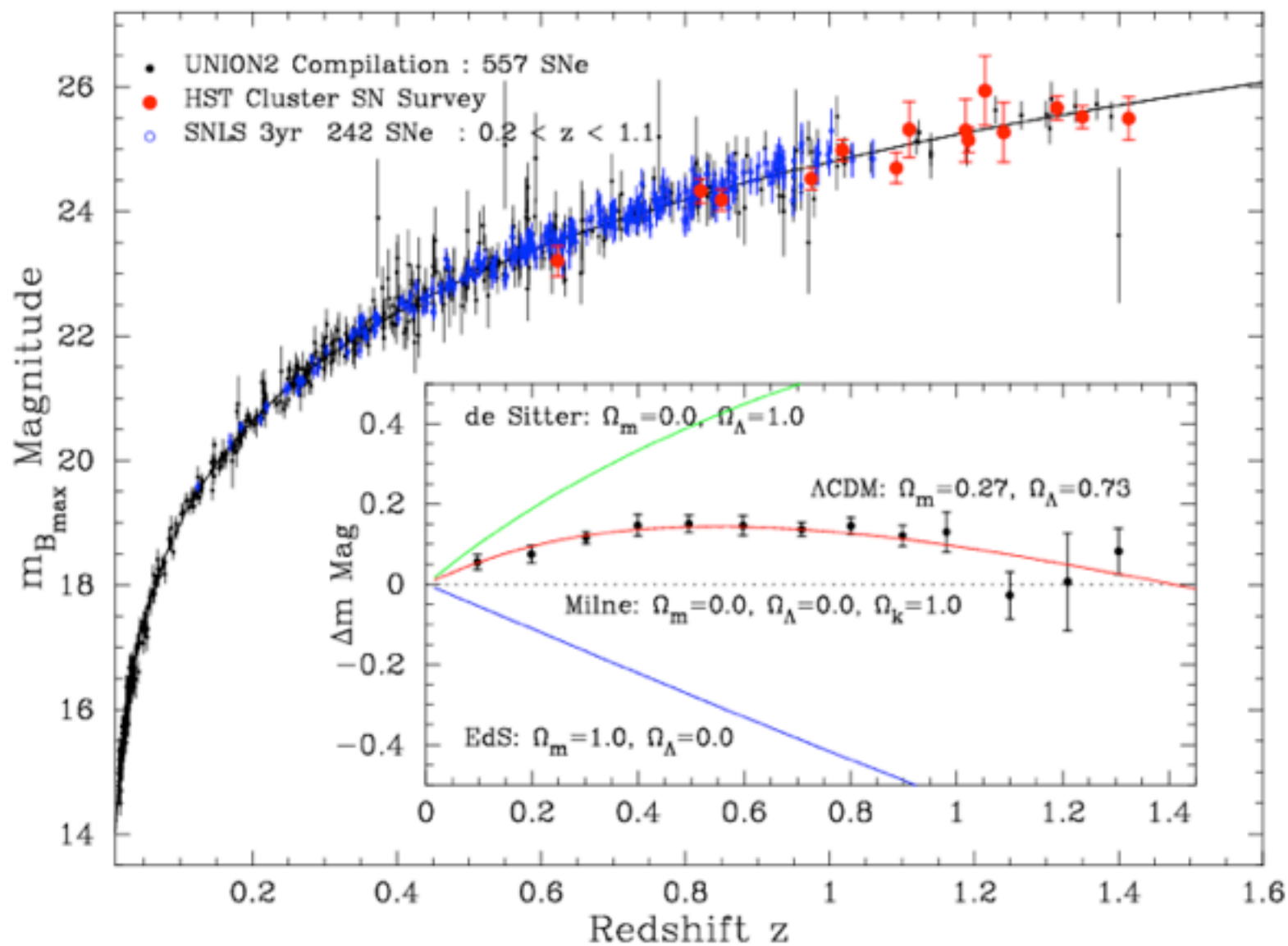
SN Ia models

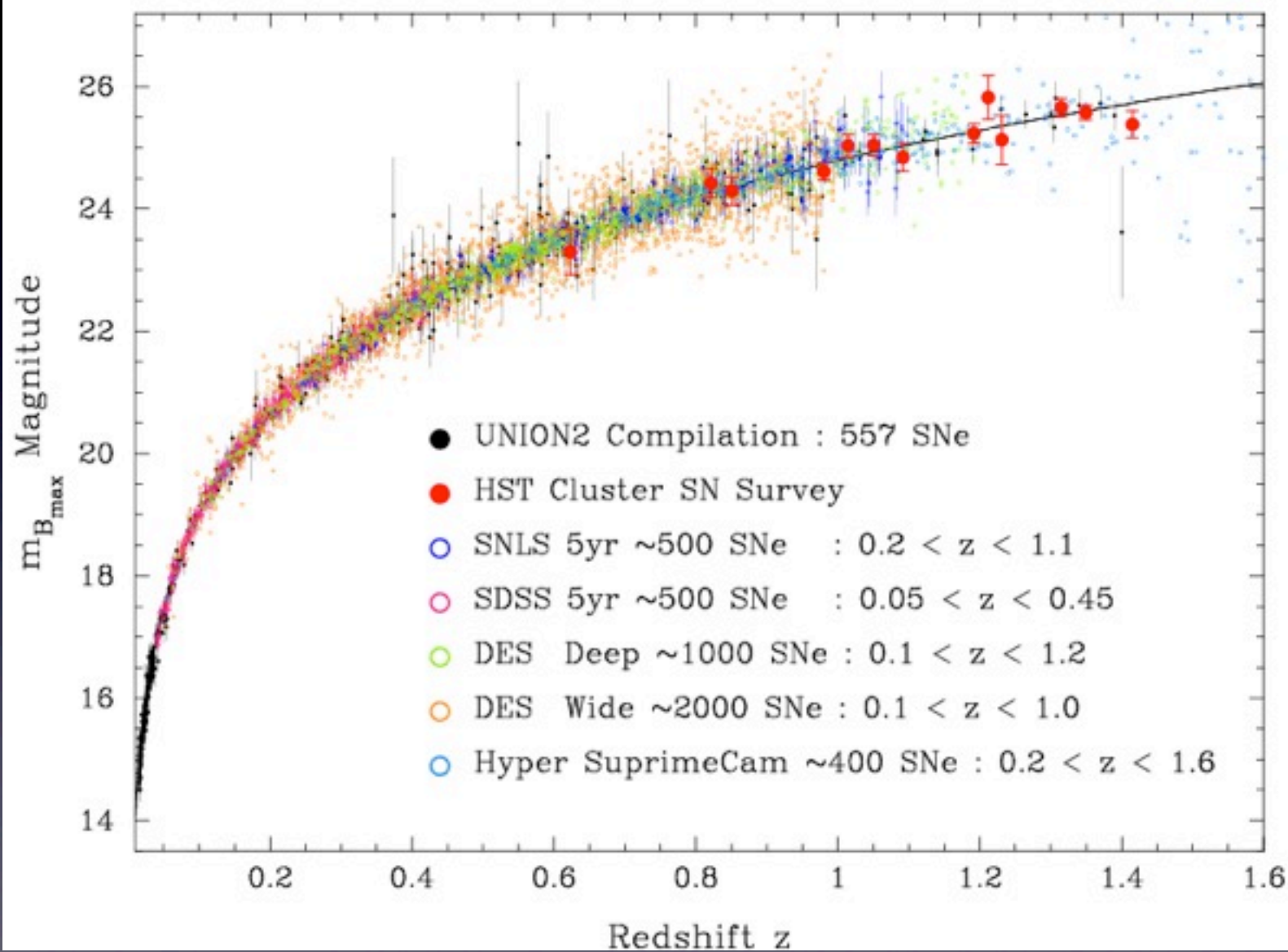
2D Simulation $\Rightarrow$ Observation

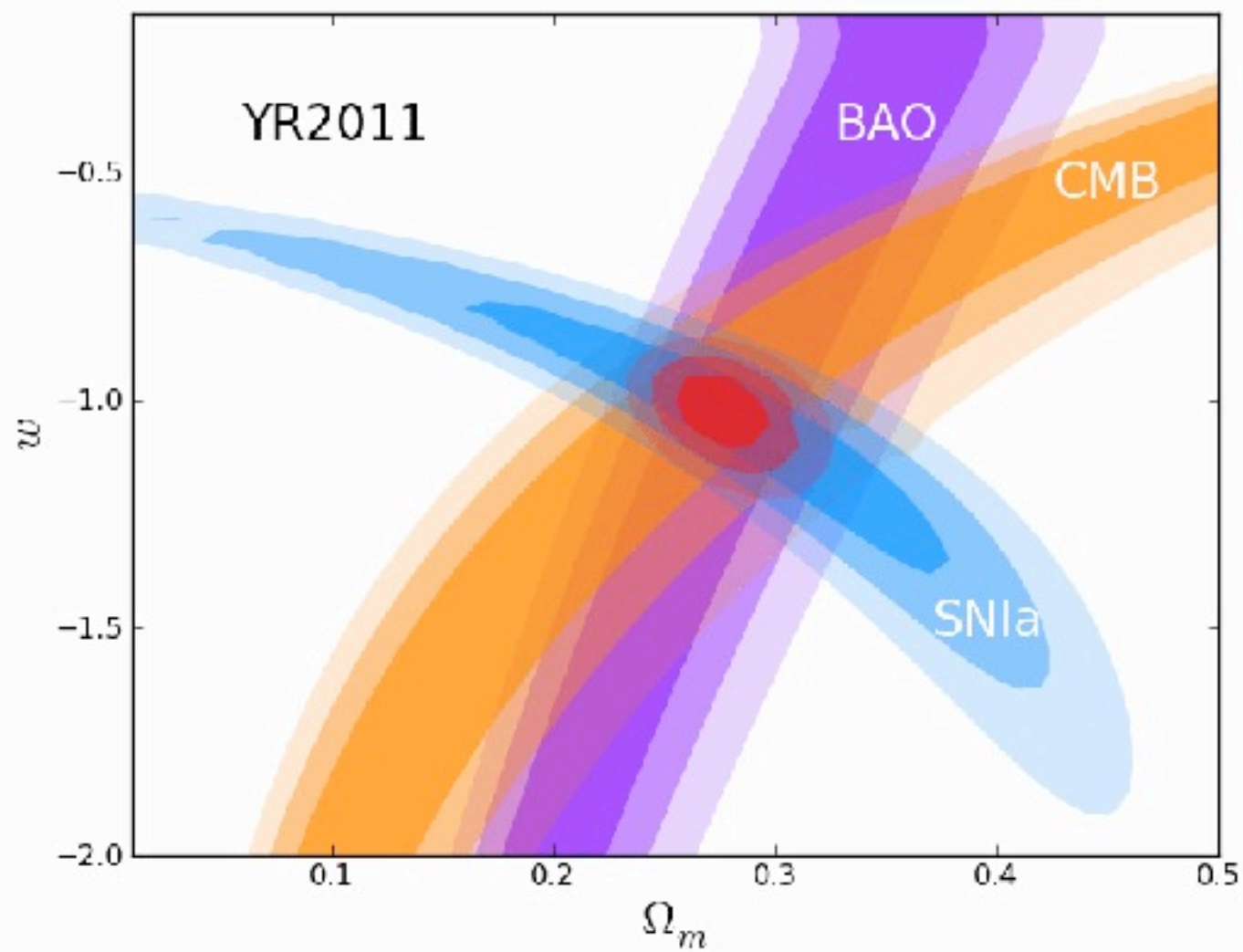
Kasen, Ropke, Woosely (2009)

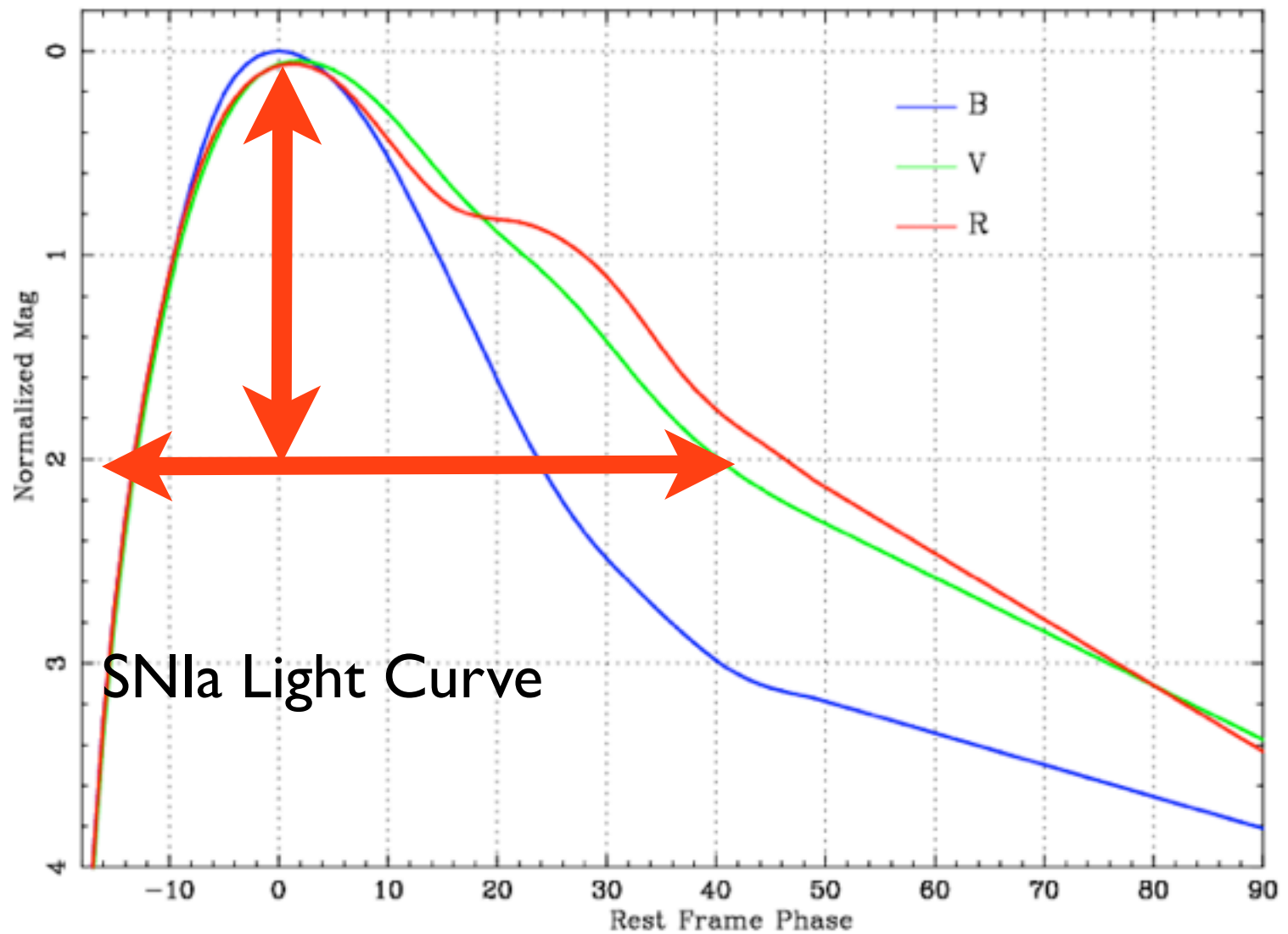


- 2D model
- ^{56}Ni ,
- Oxygen Mass,
- Carbon Mass
- Kinetic Energy
- Reproduces LTCV



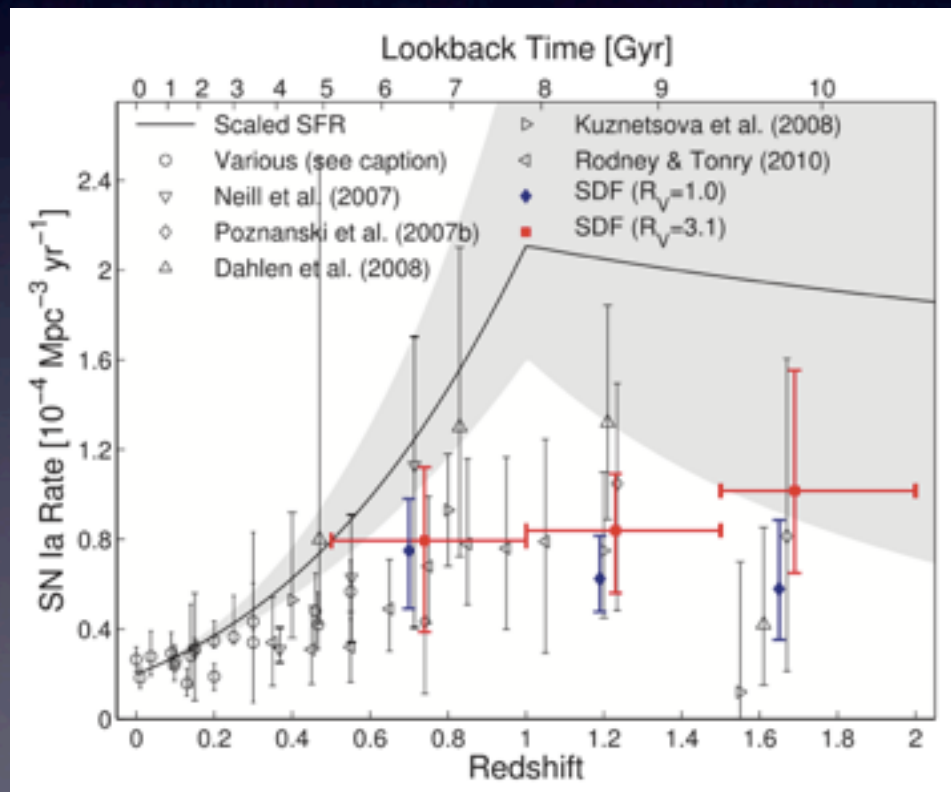






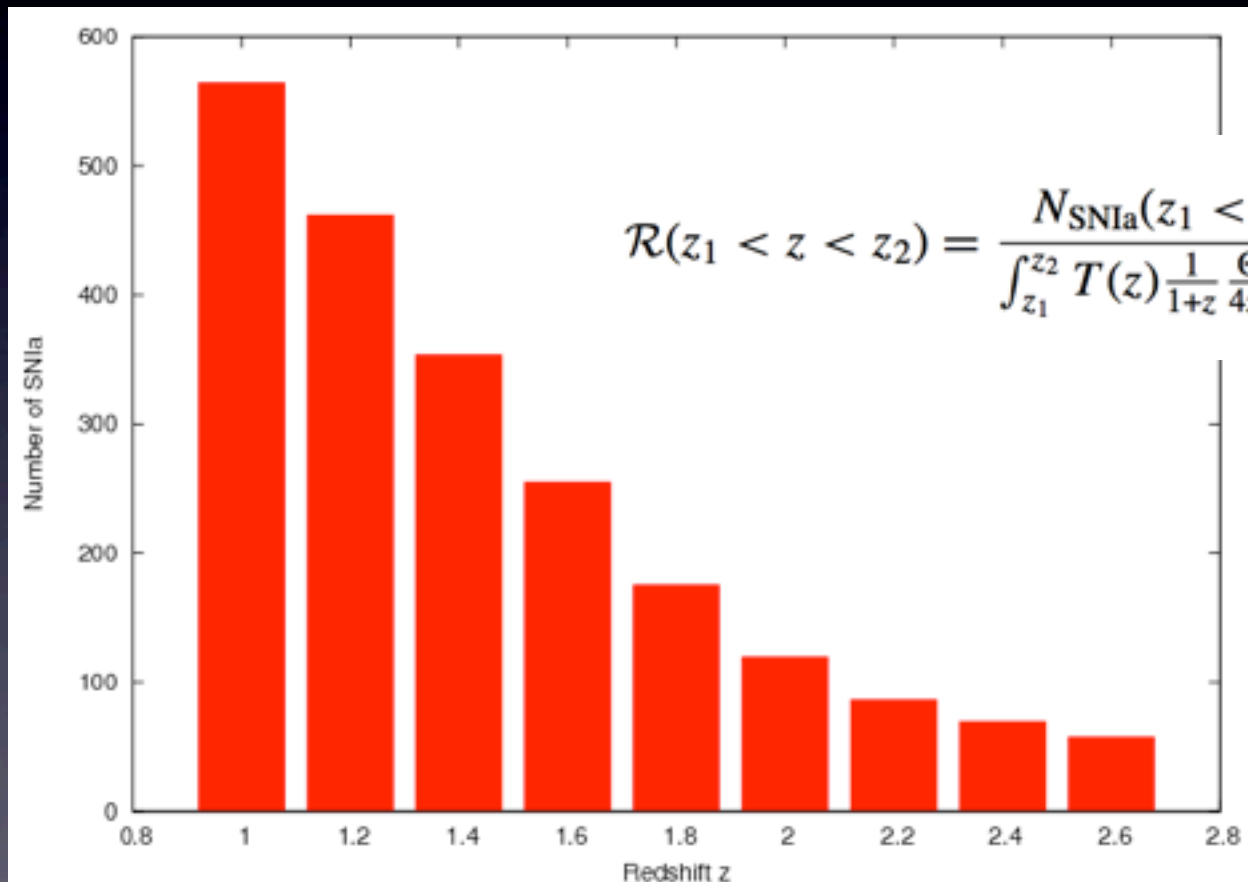
SN Ia Rates

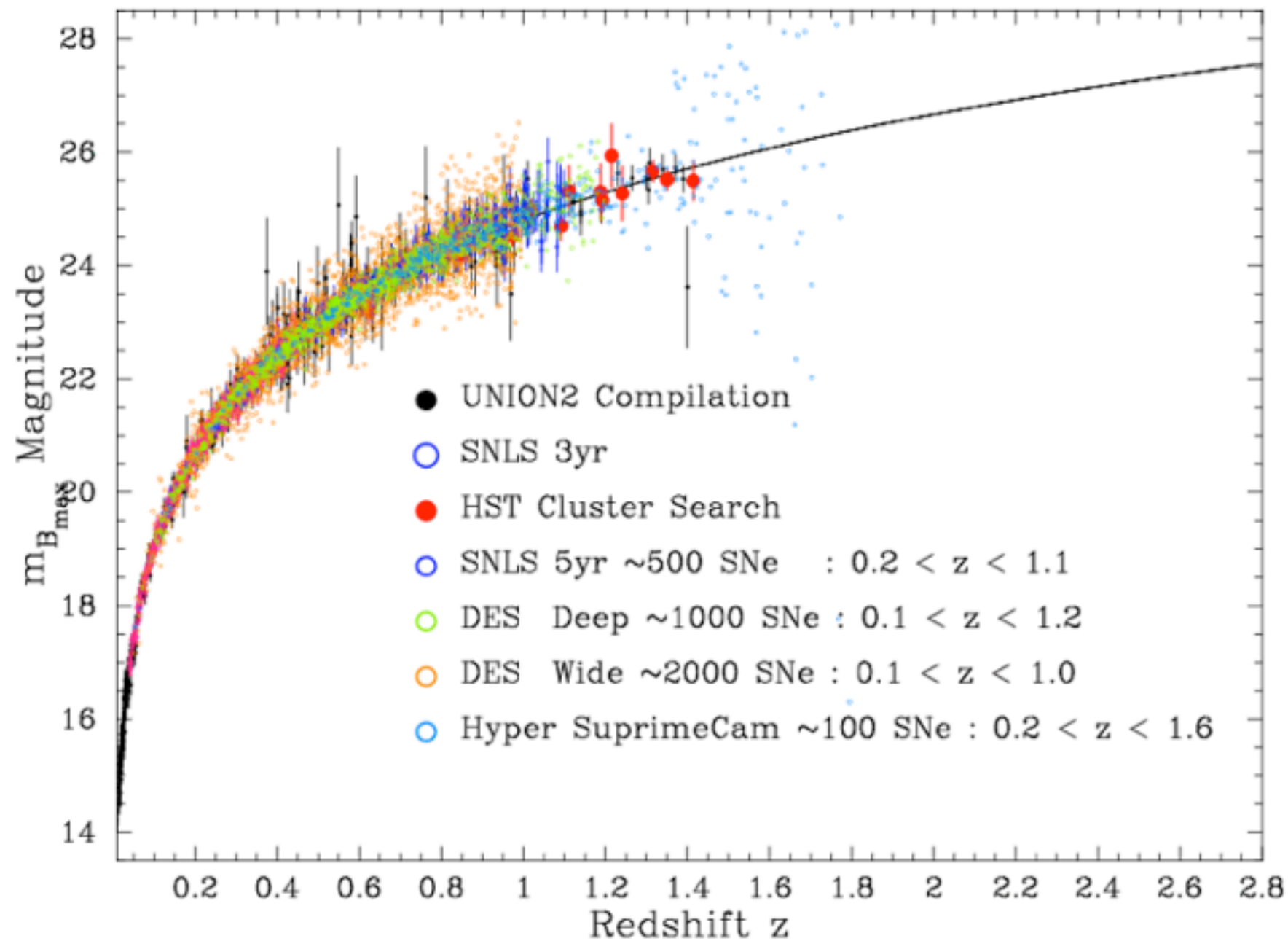
- $z > 1.0$ is now well understood
- (Gauer et al 2011) assume rate is constant

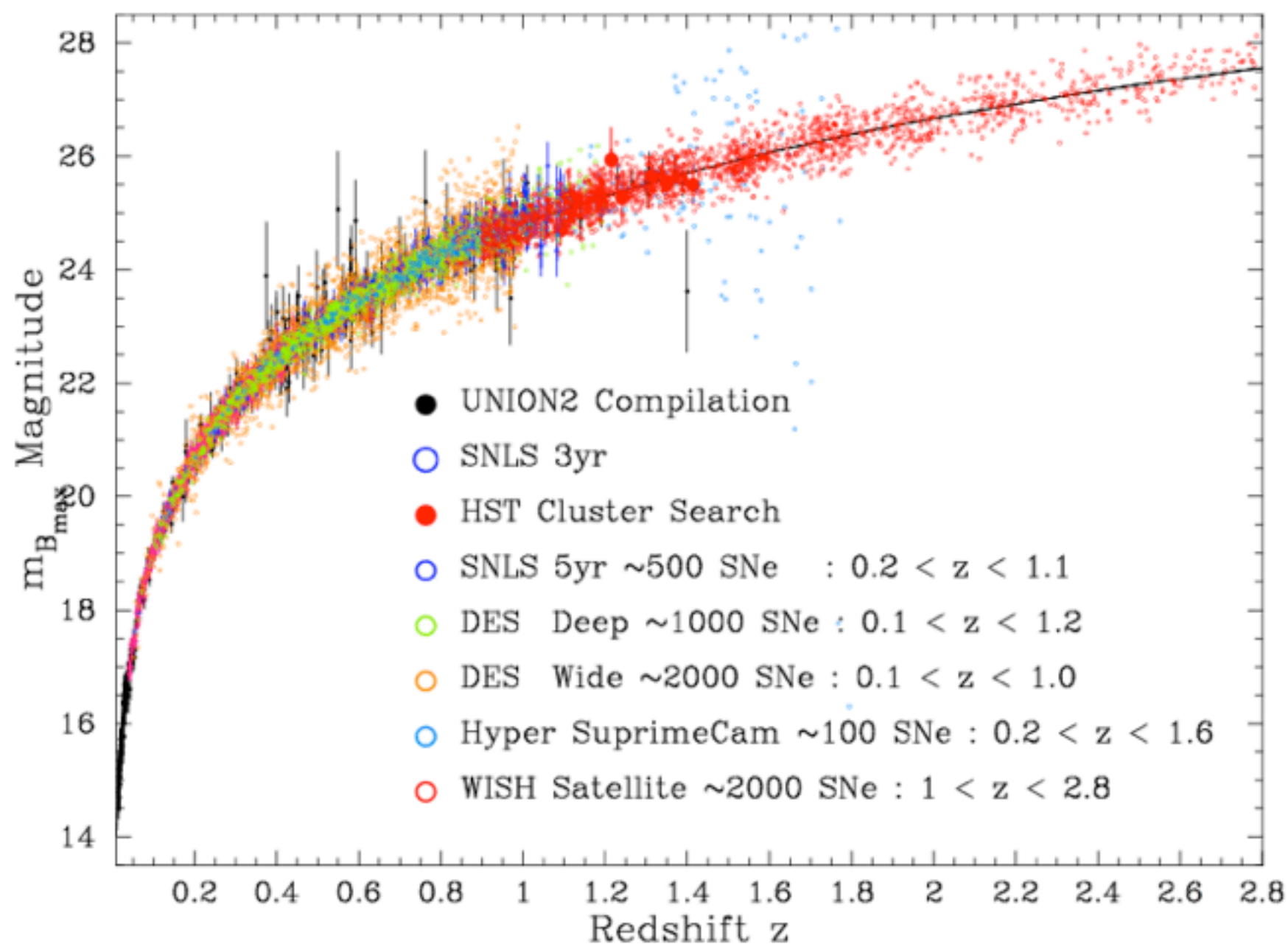


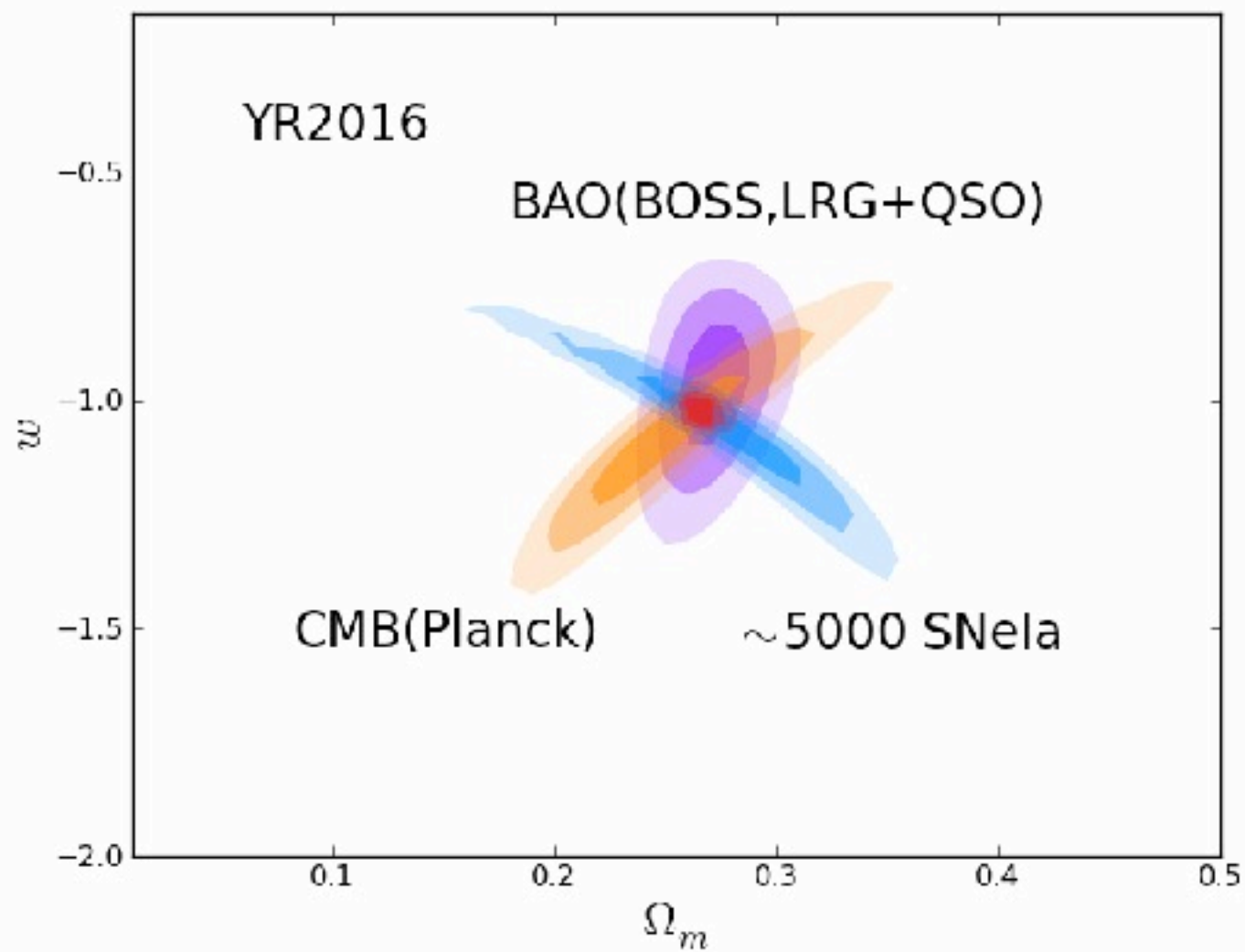
WISH SN Survey (100 deg)

2000 SNe (3-band, 30-day x 5)









$w=P/\rho$: equation of state

Q. Is w constant over time? $w_a=0$?

A. No clear sign of non-zero w_a , yet

Dark Energy Task Force
(DETF)

Figure of Merit : FoM

1

$$\frac{1}{\sigma(w_0)\sigma(w_a)}$$

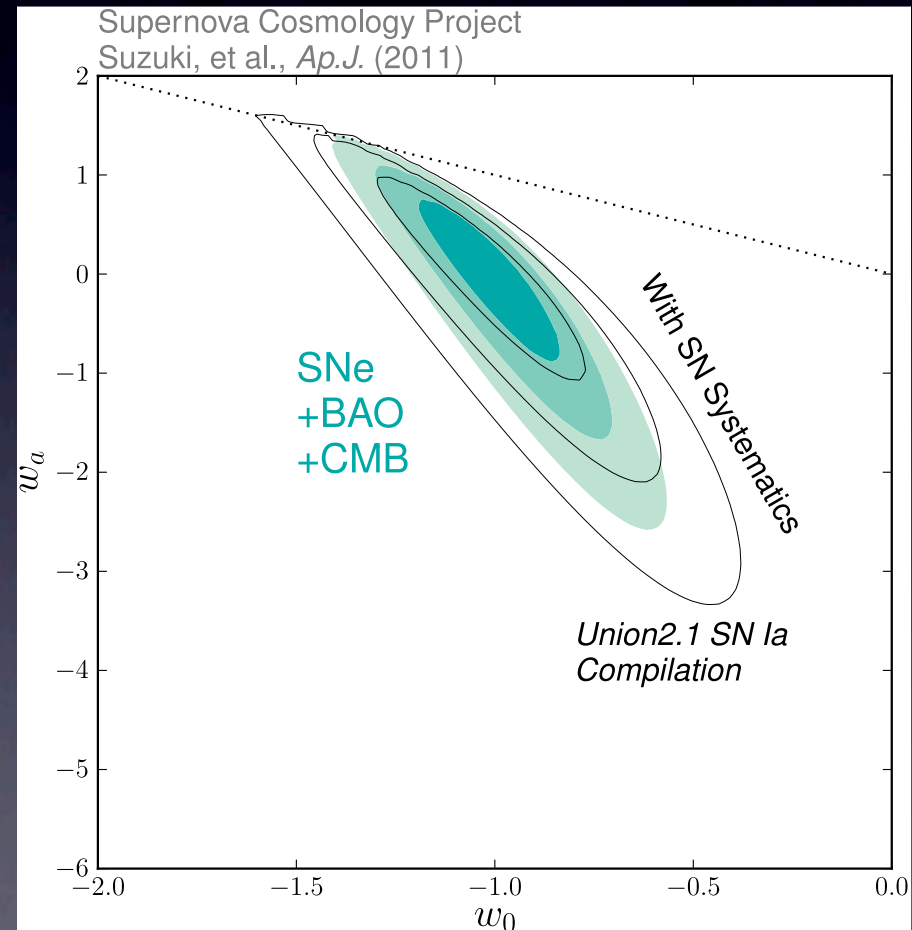
$$w(a)=w_0+(1-a)w_a$$

FoM=39.3(stat)

22.6(sys)

Suzuki et al 2012

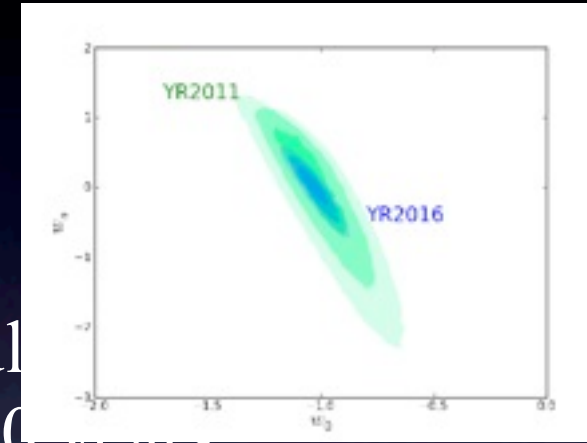
SCP UNION2.1



Dark Energy in 2015-2025:

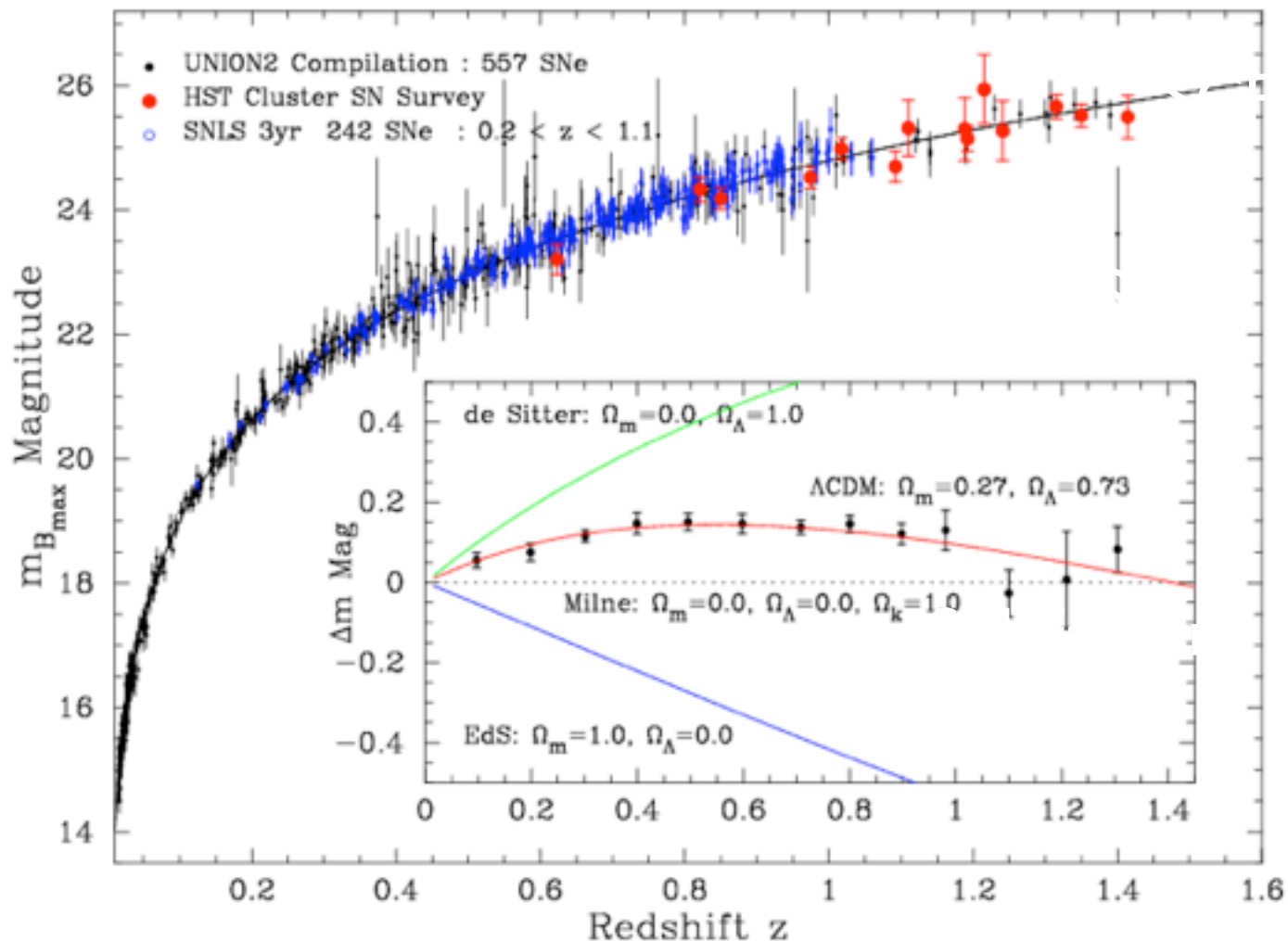
Conclusion & Summary

- Reducing Systematic is mandatory
- Calibration is the key
- SNIa + CMB (Planck) + BAO would be a powerful combination in the next 10 years
- DES can find $z > 1$ SNe but needs z, y-band
- With WISH SNIa can lead Dark Energy Studies
- New Discoveries are yet to come (PopIII etc)
- WISH satellite can enhance FoM $\Rightarrow 300$

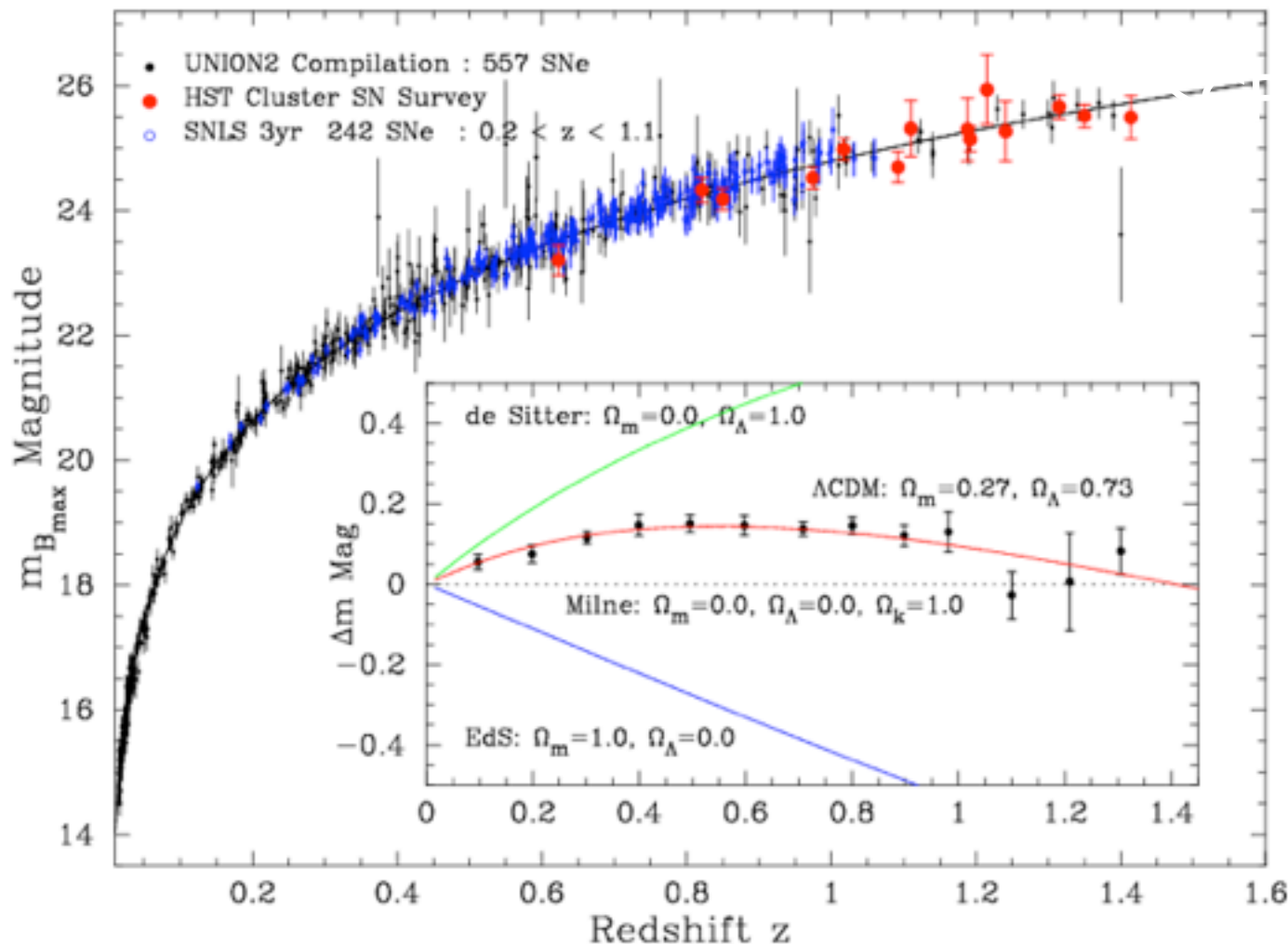


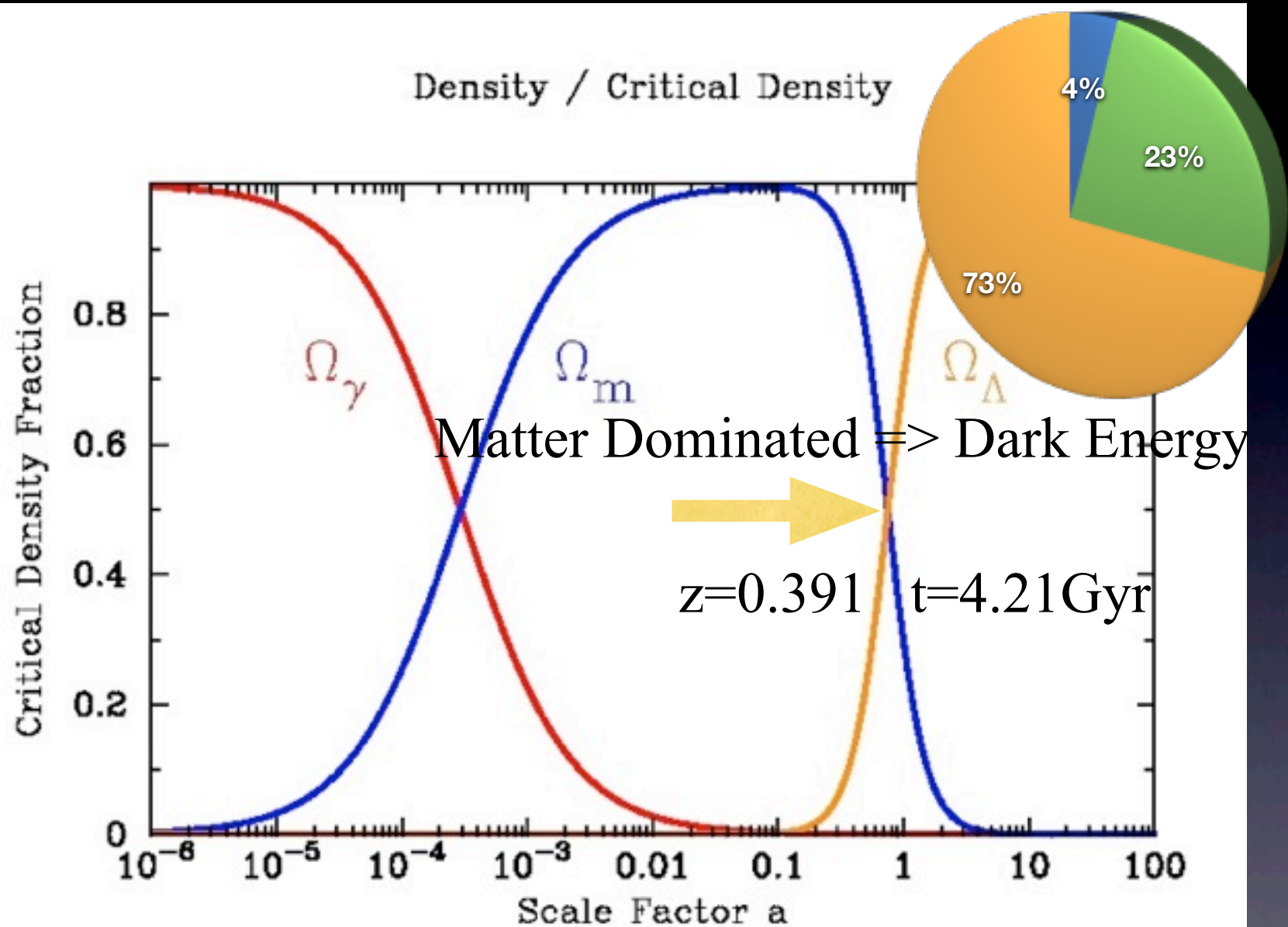
Backup Slides

SN Factory, Palomar Transient Factory (PTF), SuperNovaLegacySurvey (SNLS), Suprnova Cosmology Project (SCP)



SN Factory, Palomar Transient Factory (PTF), SuperNovaLegacySurvey (SNLS), Suprnova Cosmology Project (SCP)





From Deceleration to Acceleration

